# Post-Year 15 Monitoring Procedures

#### Introduction

The Commission has established monitoring procedures for approved qualified tax credit properties operating after Year 15 of their Extended Use Agreement. These procedures, designed to both preserve the long-term affordability of properties and lessen reporting burdens for Owners, are called Post-Year 15 Monitoring Procedures.

Tax Credit properties allocated credit in 1990 and after were required to record a commitment to affordable housing for a minimum of thirty years. The Commission refers to this agreement as the Regulatory Agreement or the Extended Use Agreement (EUA). The first fifteen years of the EUA is called the federal Compliance Period. During the Compliance Period, the Commission is obligated to report events of noncompliance to the Internal Revenue Service.

The IRS calls the ensuing period after the Compliance Period the "Extended Use Period." The Commission also established an "Additional Low-Income Use Period" in the EUA as a further commitment by the Owner. During these periods, the Commission must continue to monitor properties for low-income housing commitments made in the EUA, but is no longer required to report instances of noncompliance to the Internal Revenue Service.

In light of the IRS' allowance for lessened reporting after Year 15, the Commission has adopted the following procedures for approved properties to ensure compliance with the EUA while allowing for the streamlining of reporting requirements during this period.

**NOTE:** If your project is mixed-income (i.e., it has Market Rate units in addition to affordable units), it will <u>not</u> be approved to use the Commission's *Self-Certification* form for recertifying households. An approved mixed-income project will still be obligated to third-party verify all household income and assets at all household recertifications.

An approved mixed-income project will be eligible for all other Post-Year 15 Procedures noted in this chapter.

#### **EVENTUAL TENANT OWNERSHIP:**

Properties which were approved for the ETO option at allocation are not eligible to request Post Year 15 Monitoring Procedures, since the goal of ETO is to sell/convey rental units to tenants after Year 15.

# **Qualifying for** the Waiver

Properties must satisfy a qualifying threshold to be eligible for Post-Year 15 Monitoring Procedures in years 16 through 40. To qualify, a property must be free of Material Noncompliance issues in years 13-15 of the Compliance Period (the "Qualifying Period"). Properties must have three consecutive years of annual reports and on-site inspections free of Material Noncompliance as determined by Commission staff.

Properties that meet the required threshold will continue to qualify for Post-Year 15 Monitoring Procedures unless they have a year with Material Noncompliance, at which time Commission staff, at their sole discretion, may require a new three-year Qualifying Period.

A transfer of Ownership or switching to a new Property Management company may also trigger a new three-year Qualifying Period.

During any Qualifying Period, properties are subject to normal monitoring procedures as outlined elsewhere in this **Tax Credit Compliance Procedures Manual**.

Owners who wish to participate in the Post-Year 15 Monitoring Procedures must be in good standing during the three-year Qualifying Period and must continue in good standing. They must submit a written request for a Post-Year 15 waiver to the Asset Management & Compliance Division Director. After review, Owners will receive a written waiver letter for each property that qualifies for the procedures.

### **Annual Reports**

Owners will continue to use the existing annual reporting forms. Owners will report all data for households on the Table 1 report in WBARS, and complete all Owner information on the *Owner's Annual Certification* document. Commission staff may request a sampling of **new move-in** resident packages (minimum of 10% every 3 years) after reviewing Table 1 and the *Owner's Annual Certification*.

## Initial Resident Qualifications

Owners must continue to third-party verify and income-qualify all households upon initial occupancy of any affordable unit. Owners must also continue to limit Up-Front Charges & Fees (see **Chapter 3** of this Manual for more information about restricting up-front charges).

## Annual Re-Certifications (100% Affordable Properties)

The Commission works closely with several other public funding agencies that require annual recertifications. Most of these agencies do not require third-party verification of income for a recertification. To satisfy the IRS and other funder requirements, the Commission has adopted a *Self-Certification of Annual Income Form*.

After initial qualification, households must self-certify their household composition, income and Student Status every 12 months using this form.

The Student Certification is still required even after Year 15 of the Regulatory Agreement if the household is comprised of all fulltime Students, even if the household meets a Student exemption. If an Owner is considering a resyndication of their tax credit property, it is vital that there are no fulltime student households in the property, as this could jeopardize credits under the new allocation.

If a Resident's gross household income exceeds 140% at the first recertification, or if the household income has increased by a significant degree (e.g., +10K or more), the Commission may request third-party verification regarding the household's income to determine the cause of the increase and whether or not the household truly qualified upon initial move-in.

### Household Transfers (unit-to-unit, building-tobuilding)

For 100% affordable properties, households may change units, even into a different building, without the requirement of a new household income qualification. Owners should process all household transfers in WBARS using the Transfer button on the Table 1 Report page.

### Common Area Units

Employees of a property will not necessarily need to be fulltime employees at the property to occupy a Common Area Unit as long as the Owner can justify the need for the manager/maintenance person/security for that property, and the employee's principle occupation is to manage the property.

The owner must notify the Commission in writing if they wish to move the Common Area Unit to another Building in the property, even after Year 15.

# Physical Inspections

- WSHFC will maintain the standard of inspecting units every three years. Units may be inspected more frequently if needed.
- → Generally, the percentage of units inspected will be reduced from 20% to a minimum of 10% of total units, with a minimum of five units inspected each visit.
- Resident certification packages for units inspected will not generally be needed after the on-site inspection, since the Commission will request new move-in packages after reviewing Table 1 and the *Owner's Annual Certification*.

### **Compliance Fees**

For properties that meet qualifying threshold requirements, fees will be reduced \$10 per unit, per year, as long as the property remains in compliance. Rural Development properties will be reduced \$100 per property.

# **Special Needs Commitments**

Owners may be allowed to change Transitional units to Homeless units with Commission staff approval. Owners may submit written requests for changes to other Special Needs Commitments in cases where they can demonstrate significant demographic changes in the area surrounding the property and demonstrate that these changes have caused significant vacancy and turnover issues and are creating a financial hardship that is affecting the viability of the property.

### Additional Low-Income Set-Asides

For properties with extreme hardship cases, Owners may submit requests for waivers or changes that will improve financial feasibility issues of the property. Owners will need to justify requests with financial data, reserves analysis, capital needs assessment, market change analysis, and effect of proposed changes to local populations. Extreme hardship cases could include, but are not limited to, the pending foreclosure of a property that is unable to service existing debt and maintain the property.

#### **Record Retention**

Beginning in year 16, Owners must maintain copies of initial move-in certification packet records for all Households that occupied units in a building for five years from the date of move-in. Original records must be maintained for three years after move-in. Electronic or photocopies of records may be maintained for the remaining two years.

The Commission is not responsible for keeping/providing household eligibility records if the Owner disposes of their copies but then is required to furnish them to the IRS for the purposes of a tax audit. Ultimately, an Owner's decision on how long to keep a property's resident eligibility records should be made in collaboration with their appointed tax counsel.

### **Noncompliance**

For chronic problems, temporary suspension and/or debarment procedures may be implemented. Properties that have continued Material Noncompliance will no longer be eligible for Post-Year 15 Monitoring Procedures and will be required to complete a new three-year Qualifying Period after all noncompliance issues are corrected.

Please note that recurring or uncorrected Material Noncompliance will delay or prohibit the Owner's ability to acquire credit in future deals. It is to the Owner's benefit to ensure that all noncompliance occurring during the Extended Use Period be resolved promptly.

### Fulltime Student Households

No changes; see Chapter 2, Federal Requirements.

### Utility Allowances

No changes; see Chapter 2, Federal Requirements.

### Additional Low-Income Housing Use Period

No changes; see Chapter 3, Washington State Requirements.