

Bond Tax Credit Program Policy – 2024 Proposed Amendments - Updated 9/5/2023

(Updates are noted as redlines)

Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
Section 1.1.1.1 Competitive Application Rounds	Updating language specific for Seattle/King County projects ONLY:	Policy Change
1.1.1.1 Competitive Application Rounds For most of the program's history, the Commission has been able to allocate to eligible projects on a first-come, first-served basis. In recent years, market factors combined to increase demand for housing cap, resulting in a record-setting low amount of cap available to carry forward into future years. As long as demand continues to exceed supply, the Commission will hold competitive application rounds announced by the end of October of the preceding year. Competitive rounds will implement strict closing deadlines. Projects should only apply for an application round in which they can meet the closing deadline and project readiness criteria as set forth in Section 4, Bond Cap and Tax Credit Allocation Criteria. Sponsors should be confident of permit timing, lender approvals, and investor commitments when they apply. Commission staff may verify key readiness criteria with applicable jurisdictions before Bond Cap awards are made. Projects will be ranked according to point scores, bond cap requested per unit, and cost per unit. Projects not receiving an allocation may be placed on a waiting list for that application round only and will be required to apply in any subsequent application rounds to receive an allocation of bond cap. See the Bond Cap and Tax	1.1.1.1 Application Rounds For most of the program's history, the Commission has been able to allocate to eligible projects on a first-come, first-served basis. In recent years, market factors combined to increase demand for housing cap, causing the Commission to hold competitive rounds. Even greater competition in King County for this resource has compelled the Commission to allocate bonds differently for projects located there, beginning in 2024. For King County, projects must have at least 10% public support in Seattle and 5% in King County to be considered for an allocation of bond cap. Project will apply to city, county, and/or state funders in their standard rounds of competitive financing. Projects awarded funding are then put on a tiered list. Projects apply for bond financing only when they are on Tier 1 and ready to proceed to closing. Projects with expiring DDAs and QCTs or other expiring funding eligibility may be given priority. 1) Tier 1 projects are fully-funded and permit-ready, with the process to secure lender and investor commitments in progress, and ready to hold their initial scoping meeting. They are expected to close within six months of being placed on Tier 1. Projects that fail to close within six months will have their allocation revoked and will be moved to Tier 2. The King County public funders will establish a process to determine further priority in the Tier if necessary. 2) Tier 2 projects are fully-funded and expect to receive permits in the calendar year. Projects in this tier may be elevated to Tier 1 depending on bond cap availability and project readiness.	Updating process for Seattle/King County projects where there is extreme demand for bond cap; furthers the Commissions Align Resources value.



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
Credit Allocation Criteria in Section 4 for minimum points and point criteria.	3) Tier 3 projects have local funder commitments and expect to receive permits in the next calendar year. Each January and July, the Commission may re-evaluate which projects are on which Tier and reposition projects in accordance with bond cap availability and readiness. In competitive rounds in the balance of state, projects should only apply for an application round in which they can meet the closing deadline and project readiness criteria as set forth in Section 4, Bond Cap and Tax Credit Allocation Criteria. Sponsors should be confident of permit timing, lender approvals, and investor commitments when they apply. Commission staff may verify key readiness criteria with applicable jurisdictions before Bond Cap awards are made. Projects will be ranked according to point scores, bond cap requested per unit, and cost per unit. Projects not receiving an allocation may be placed on a waiting list for that application round only and will be required to apply in any subsequent application rounds to receive an allocation of bond cap. See the Bond Cap and Tax Credit Allocation Criteria in Section 4 for minimum points and point criteria. When competitive rounds are in effect, projects will also be expected to provide a Bond Cap Reservation Fee.	
Our goal is to at least meet the minimums of our targets in Preservation, and public investment and not exceed the amount in balance of state, but we will prioritize New Production. We will not allocate to more acquisition/rehab projects simply to increase the dispersion of potential projects outside of King and Snohomish counties.	Add Language: Targets may be considered over a rolling multi-year period, where some targets may be over or under in any given allocation round, but target prioritization will adjust accordingly over a three-year period to achieve these stated goals.	Language Clean- Up Clarifies intent and provides flexibility to review targets over time to inform policy and/or procedure adjustments.
Section 1.2 Bond Policy Values and Outcomes - Value 3: Meet Affordable Housing Needs Everywhere	Update Language:	Policy Change



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
We will compare similar projects and develop slightly different scoring criteria and minimums. Our target will be up to 40% of bonds and tax credits allocated to projects located outside King and Snohomish counties.	Projects in Snohomish County will compete with other projects in Balance of State. The Commission will allocate bonds to no more than one project or no more than 10% of the available bond cap, whichever is larger, in any one calendar year, unless waived by the Division Director.	As a separate track for King County projects is created, this change preserves a pathway for Snohomish county projects.
Section 1.2: Bond Policy Values and Outcomes	Add Value: Foster Healthy and Sustainable Homes in a Changing Climate	Policy Change
	Federal and state policies of redlining and disinvestment in communities of color have long contributed to unequal access to healthy, safe housing and thus to unequal health outcomes among communities of color. Additionally, climate change brings more frequent waves of extreme heat and wildfire smoke that exacerbate health issues among vulnerable people in Washington, including those with cardiovascular, respiratory, and mental health conditions. How affordable housing is designed and built can mitigate some of these health impacts of climate change. Furthermore, the built environment is Washington's second-largest carbon polluter behind transportation. Building emissions come from burning fossil fuels including gas and oil for furnaces, water heaters, and appliances. While climate change brings unequal health outcomes, state agencies have a	Currently Healthy/Sustainabl e Housing composes 10 points total (solar, energy efficient buildings, and EVs). Including Healthy/Sustainabl e housing as a value better reflects our priorities in MHCF.
	window of opportunity to reduce those unequal outcomes and slow climate change's speed. WSHFC envisions affordable housing in which residents live in a healthy environment with a comfortable temperature range, safe from the harmful effects of smoke. As we plan for future building-design criteria, we will incentivize housing that is healthier for residents, as well as energy efficient to minimize carbon emissions.	
Section 2.3 Maximizing the Use of Recycled Bond	Update Section to the following language:	Policy Change
Cap 	2.3 Maximizing the Use of Alternatives to the Bond Cap	Provides more flexibility for the



not using tax credits or using minimal tax credits. If there are no projects considering this structure, then

Existing Policy Proposed Changes Rationale When demand for bond cap exceeds supply, the Commission may choose, at its The Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 Commission to allows for the recycling of bond volume cap. discretion, to not allocate bond cap to a project, but require the use of alternative maximize resources Recycled bond volume cap ("Recycled Bonds") is bond issues. None of these alternatives are eligible for 4% tax credits. beyond Recycled derived from the pay down or pay off of multifamily By using alternative bonds for the portion of the bond issue that exceeds the Bonds specifically bond issues if certain conditions are met. Recycled minimum threshold of the "50% Test" (see Section 3.15) or for projects that do not and aligns with the Bonds must be issued for a qualified residential need to generate 4% tax credits, the Commission will ensure that its current year program's Use rental project within six months of the repayment of Resources and carry forward volume cap is prioritized to generate 4% tax credits. The Commission intends to target allocations of new-issue Bond Volume Cap to projects the original bonds, the final maturity of the newly Efficiently Value. issued Recycled Bonds must be within 34 years of at an amount not to exceed 55% (5% above on the 50% Test). the initial issuance date of the original bonds and TEFRA and approval requirements must be met. Commission staff will discuss the use of these alternatives to bond cap with the Perhaps most significantly, Recycled Bonds are not project sponsor as soon as possible in the process, as to facilitate an efficient development of the financial and legal structure of the bond issue. The alternatives eligible for 4% tax credits. The Commission intends to allocate Recycled Bonds to projects whenever to bond cap include bonds are: possible. The use of Recycled Bonds will be Taxable bonds: The Commission has the authority to issue taxable bonds for discussed with the project sponsor well before the housing. It may requireput income or rental restrictions on the properties financed to achieve affordability goals. scheduled closing of the bonds. The use of such Recycled Bonds is dependent on availability. Nonprofit bonds: The Commission has the authority to issue tax-exempt nonprofit By using Recycled Bonds for the portion of the bond housing bonds to advance the purposes of qualified 501(c)(3) organizations. Bond issues must conform to federal law and the Commission nonprofit housing program issue that exceeds the minimum threshold of the "50% Test" (see Section 3.15) or for projects that do policies. not need to generate 4% tax credits, the Commission Recycled bonds bond cap: The Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 allows for the recycling of bond volume cap. Recycled bond volume cap ("Recycled will ensure that its current year and carry forward Volume cap is prioritized to generate 4% tax credits. CapBonds") is derived from the pay down or pay off of multifamily bond issues if The Commission intends to target allocations of certain conditions are met. Recycled capBonds must be used issued for a qualified new-issue Bond Volume Cap to projects at an residential rental project within six months of the repayment of the original bonds, amount not to exceed 55% on the 50% Test. the final maturity of the newly issued Recycled Cap bonds Bonds must be within 34 years of the initial issuance date of the original bonds and TEFRA and approval Priorities for Recycled Bond Cap, in order: 1. Finance the development of additional projects - If requirements must be met. The use of such Recycled Cap Bonds is dependent on there is enough accumulated recycled bond availability. cap to make an entire project feasible, staff reserves Priorities for recycled bonds Recycled Cap, in order: the right to first offer it to any projects that plan to structure their project as an 80/20 bond deal, i.e., 1. Finance the development of additional projects:

a. If enough recycled bond cap Recycled Cap has accumulated to make an entire

project feasible, staff reserves the right to first offer it to any projects that plan to



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
staff may offer the recycled bond cap to projects on the waiting list, in priority order based on point score. All projects receiving recycled cap under this priority would need to meet the following criteria: able to close by a specified date; use a nominal proportional amount of new bond cap; and, able to use most or all the expiring recycled cap 2. Lower the use of the bond cap 3. Finance what otherwise would be financed under taxable bonds.	structure their project as an 80/20 bond deal, i.e., not using tax credits or using minimal new volume cap and tax credits. b. If no developer has a project planning to use this structure, then staff may require projects that have applied for the bond/tax credit program to use recycled bondsRecycled Cap instead of new bond cap, at its discretion. All projects receiving recycled capRecycled Cap under this priority would need to meet the following criteria: be able to close by a specified date; use a nominal proportional amount of new bond cap; and, be able to use most or all the expiring recycled cap 2. Finance what otherwise would be financed under taxable bonds.	
Section 3 Minimum Threshold Requirements	Change title to Program Requirements	Language Clean- Up Technical Fix to accurately reflect list of items in this section.
Section 3 Minimum Threshold Requirements	 Add previous missing policy language: 3.2 Project Sponsor The Project Sponsor must be in good standing with all Commission programs and policies. 3.23 Financial Solvency and Litigation Status As part of the Application and at such other times as required by the Commission, the Applicant must provide a certification with respect to the financial solvency of the Applicant, the project and 	Language Clean- Up Technical fix and clean up from a prior revision error.
	certain project participants in the form required by the Commission. Bond / Tax Credit Program Policies Page 32 If the certification discloses any financial difficulties, risks, or similar matters that the Commission believes might substantially impair or harm the successful development and operation of the project as a qualified low-income housing project, the Commission may: • refuse to allow the Applicant to participate in the Bond/Tax Credit Program; • reject or disqualify an application and cancel any Credit reservation and carryover allocation; or	



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
	demand additional assurances that the development, ownership, operation, or	
	management of the project will not be impaired or harmed (such as, performance	
	bonds, pledging unencumbered assets as security, opinions of financial solvency by	
	an independent certified public accountant, or such other assurances as determined	
	by the Commission).	
	The Applicant must also disclose throughout the development and operation of the	
	project if there is a material change in the matters addressed in the certification.	
Section 3.1 Complete Application and Appropriate	Adds additional language:	Language Clean-
Fee		Up
	The application fee is due no later than 10 business days after the application due	•
Please see Bond/Tax Credit Program Fees in Section	date. If the fee is not received within 10 business days, the Application may be	Clarifies when
9 for details on application fees.	deemed incomplete, and ineligible for further consideration for financing.	application fees are
		expected, since
	Please see Bond/Tax Credit Program Fees in Section 9 for details on application fees.	invoice and
		payment
		instructions are
		generated upon
		application
		submission.
Section 3.15 Project Financing	Projects using the tax-exempt bonds issued by the Commission must provide	Policy Change
	evidence in the Application that the project's lender(s) and tax credit investor have	
Projects using the tax-exempt bonds issued by the	been engaged. Project projects financed with bonds issued by an issuer other than	Aligns policy with
Commission must provide evidence in the	the Commission are not subject to this requirement.	current practice.
Application that the project's lender(s) and tax credit		
investor have been engaged. Project projects	3.15.1 Lenders	
financed with bonds issued by an issuer other than	3.15.1.a Projects located in King County	
the Commission are not subject to this requirement.	The lender(s) and/or credit enhancer involved in the financing of the project must	
	be identified and engaged in the project before an application for Bond/Tax Credit	
3.15.1 Lenders	financing will be accepted. Applicants must submit a copy of each lender's signed	
The lender(s) and/or credit enhancer involved in the	term sheet that has been accepted by the Applicant.	
financing of the project must be identified and		
engaged in the project before an application for	3.15.1.b Projects <u>located</u> in Balance of State	
Bond/Tax Credit financing will be accepted.	The lender(s) and/or credit enhancer involved in the financing of the project must	
Applicants must submit a copy of each lender's	be identified in the project before an application for Bond/Tax Credit financing will	



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
signed term sheet that has been accepted by the	be accepted. The applicant must submit a letter of interest from the bank that	
Applicant and proof that an appraisal deposit has	includes the following information:	
been made.	Estimated maximum tax-exempt bond amount and interest rate	
been made.	Estimated maximum taxable bond amount (if applicable) and interest rate	
3.15.2 Tax Credit Investor	Identification of other sources of financing and estimated amounts	
The tax credit investor/syndicator must also be	The number of units, low-income set-asides, and any special populations served	
engaged at the time of application. Applicants must	History of working with the developer and/or WSHFC	
submit a copy of the Tax Credit Investor's Letter of	Thistory of working with the developer and/or worn e	
Intent (LOI) as an attachment to the Application.	3.15.2 Tax Credit Investor The tax credit investor/syndicator must also be engaged at	
intent (LOI) as an attachment to the Application.	the time of application.	
	3.15.1.a Projects located in King County	
	Applicants must submit a copy of the Tax Credit Investor's Letter of Intent (LOI) as	
	an attachment to the Application.	
	3.15.1.a Projects located in King County	
	Investors in the financing of the project must be identified in the project before an	
	application for Bond/Tax Credit financing will be accepted. The applicant must	
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	submit a letter of interest from the investor that includes the following information:	
	 Estimated pricing of the tax credits Identification of other sources of financing and estimated amounts 	
	•	
	 The number of units, low-income set-asides, and any special populations served History of working with the developer and/or WSHFC 	
Section 3.15.1: Lenders	Removes the requirement to have made an appraisal deposit.	Language Clean-
		Up
The lender(s) and/or credit enhancer involved in the	3.15.1 Lenders	
financing of the project must be identified and	The lender(s) and/or credit enhancer involved in the financing of the project must	Technical Fix – to
engaged in the project before an application for	be identified and engaged in the project before an application for Bond/Tax Credit	align policy with
Bond/Tax Credit financing will be accepted.	financing will be accepted. Applicants must submit a copy of each lender's signed	existing practice
Applicants must submit a copy of each lender's	term sheet that has been accepted by the Applicant.	
signed term sheet that has been accepted by the		
Applicant and proof that an appraisal deposit has		
been made.		
Section 3.18: Rehabilitation Requirements	Move section 4.9.2 Rehab Heat Pump Option to section 3.18 Rehabilitation	Policy Change
	Requirements. Delete current language and include proposed language below.	



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
4.9.2 Rehab Heat Pump Option Five points will be awarded for projects that implement the ductless or ducted heat pump options from ESDS Section 5.09. The project must also implement the Performance Testing Option from ESDS 5.09, which requires using a qualified contractor to test and verify the systems meets the Performance Testing Comfort System (PTCS) requirements during commissioning. During submittal, the ESDS points used to comply with this section must be noted on the ESDS Checklist and Evergreen Owner Certification outlined in Section 3.5. Additionally, a brief narrative must be included that describes how the heat pumps will be implemented into the project's scope of work. As part of the Placed-in-Service Package, the ESDS points used to comply with this section must be included in the Evergreen Project Implementation Plan and architect's certification outlined in Section 3.5. The qualified contractor's PTCS report must also be included in the Placed-in-Service Package.	 3.18 Rehabilitation Requirements: Projects are required to implement the ductless or ducted heat pump options from ESDS Section 5.09. The project must also implement the Performance Testing Option from ESDS 5.09, which requires using a qualified contractor to test and verify the systems meets the Performance Testing Comfort System (PTCS) requirements during commissioning. Additionally, a brief narrative must be included that describes how the heat pumps will be implemented into the project's scope of work. If the project is not updating the electrical system in Section 4.11 Rehabilitation of Major Systems, address in the CNA or provide a narrative describing how the existing systems can handle the increased electrical load. The qualified contractor's PTCS report must be included in the Placed-in-Service Package. If the project is not able to accommodate the ductless or ducted heat pump options from ESDS Section 5.09, provide a narrative on how the project will provide an in-unit cooling solution for all residents to ensure resident comfort. 	Requiring In Unit Cooling on all rehabs to mitigate the effects of climate change and support increasing healthy outcomes for tenants.
3.28 Minimum and Additional Low-Income Housing Commitments and Application Update Or Income Averaging - allows units to serve households earning as much as 80% of the AMI as long as the average income/rent limit in the property is 60% or less of AMI. Criteria for Income Averaging: allowed on a "case by case" basis with the following: • Submit a plan and unit configuration, using the spreadsheet created by Novogradac, showing that the unit configuration meets the income averaging; all buildings must have the same election;	Or Income Averaging - allows units to serve households earning as much as 80% of the AMI as long as a range of AMI options below 60% AMI are provided and the average income/rent limit in the property is 60% or less of AMI. Criteria for Income Averaging: allowed on a "case by case" basis with the following: • Submit a plan and unit configuration, using the spreadsheet created by Novogradac, showing that the unit configuration meets the income averaging; all buildings must have the same election; unit mix is expected to provide for a range of AMI options above and below 60% AMI up to 80%AMI • Written agreement from the investor and any other public or private funders; • Submit a market study that addresses income mix • Commit and agree in writing to the compliance implications, as we understand them at the time of commitment (Complete Average Income Certification Form)	Clarifies the Commissions intent and expectations and the Owners understanding of compliance required for Average Income Election.



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
 Written agreement from the investor and any other public or private funders; Submit a market study that addresses income mix Commit and agree in writing to the compliance implications, as we understand them at the time of commitment Note: Income averaging is not available for resyndications or mixed income projects (with market rate units) 	Note: Income averaging is not available for re-syndications or <u>projects with market</u> rate units. mixed income projects (with market rate units)	
3.3 - Additional Bond Cap Requests	Add New Section Language: Requests for Additional Bond Cap	Procedural Change
No exiting policy.	The Commission encourages project sponsors to submit realistic applications with reasonable contingencies to manage potential cost over-runs. At the same time, the Commission recognizes that situations beyond the control of the development team may increase a project's need for bond cap. 3.33.1 Requirements Project sponsors request additional bond cap through a letter to the Division Director. The request for additional bond cap must include: • The reason(s) why an additional allocation of bond cap is needed • Any additional steps the project sponsor took to minimize cost increases, if any • Identification of all other potential sources of funding to cover any gaps • Specific uses for the additional bond cap • Acknowledgement from the bond purchaser agreeing to purchase the bonds at the increased amount, and from the investor to purchase the additional tax credits generated • A revised sources/uses spreadsheet Commission staff may request additional information, depending on the project's circumstances, to evaluate the request. Depending on the size of the request, the additional bond cap allocation may, under the tax code, generate the need to hold a public hearing for the additional amount. Further, the Commission may need to approve a new financing resolution. 3.33.2 Timing After an initial allocation, project sponsors are allowed to request an allocation of additional bond cap in two instances:	Documents and clarifies current practices for transparency.



C	The need for additional bond cap is discovered <u>prior to the bond closing</u> through the development of the financing. Under these circumstances, if the request is granted,	
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t	the Commission would endeavor to approve the request and provide the additional	
	cap in time for project closing.	
	The need for additional bond cap is discovered between closing and when the	
,	project is placed in service. Sponsors are responsible for bridging any financial gaps	
	in this interval. The Commission only considers these requests when construction is	
i de la companya de	complete and the project is ready to be placed in service. Because the additional	
	allocation comes when all costs are known, the request for cap should be made come as is practical possible to meeting the 50% test.	
Section 4: Bond Cap and Tax Credit Allocation	35 55 56 5	Policy Change
Criteria (Note: linked to Section 4.5 Projects that	Projects outside King County must select a minimum of 25 points below to apply for	
are By and For the Community change) t	the Bond/Tax Credit Program (4 of which must be in Section 4.5 Projects that are	Increase threshold
	By and For the Community). Projects located in King County must select a minimum	points for
·	of 30 points (5 of which must be in Section 4.5 Projects that are By and For the	Seattle/King
•	Community)	projects to further
select a minimum of 20 points below to apply for the		align the
Bond/Tax Credit Program. Projects located in King and Snohomish Counties must select a minimum of		Commissions values through a
25 points.		new pipelining
23 points.		process.
Section 4 Bond Cap and Tax Credit Allocation	Updated language for weighing portfolio deals:	Language Clean-
Criteria		Up
	For scattered site or portfolio applications each property must meet the minimum	
·	for where the majority of the units are located. The portfolio score will be the	Technical Fix to
, , ,	average score of the properties, weighted by the number of units in each project.	clarify how
majority of the units are located. The portfolio score		portfolio deals are
will be the weighted average score of the properties.		weighted.
•	Updated language:	Language Clean-
Community	Doints will be awarded to projects that say demonstrate that they are burned for	Up
	Points will be awarded to projects that can demonstrate that they are by and/or for their community. The goal of this policy is to address the needs of	lust changing the
	Communities Most Harmed (CMH) by housing disparities. This policy encourages	Just changing the terms to help
disparities. This policy encourages applicants to	Communication relations (Civili) by nousing dispartites. This policy encourages	clarify the



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
identify and engage with a CMI to understand and	applicants to identify and engage with a CMH to understand and respond to their	Commissions goal
respond to their specific concerns, issues, and	specific concerns, issues, and requirements. CMH examples could include:	to elevate and
requirements. CMI examples could include:		amplify the voices
	Black, Indigenous, or other People of Color	of people harmed
Black, Indigenous, or other People of Color	• Immigrants	by the housing
• Immigrants	Low-income LGBTQ People	crisis in our state;
Low-income LGBTQ People	•Low-income People with Disabilities	further the
Low-income People with Disabilities	Low-income Large Families	Commission's
Low-income Large Families	Low-income Seniors	Racial Justice and
Low-income Seniors	This policy recognizes identity-based and geographically based communities.	Equity value.
This policy recognizes identity-based and	Identity-Based Communities share a common heritage, language, cultural, or other	
geographically based communities.	identity-based characteristic such as age, ability, or sexual identity and/or	
Identity-Based Communities share a common heritage, language, cultural, or other identity-based	orientation. They also share a common set of community values, goals, and needs.	
characteristic such as age, ability, or sexual identity	Geographically Based Communities are centered around a specific place, such as a	
and/or orientation. They also share a common set of	neighborhood.	
community values, goals, and needs.	neighborhood.	
Geographically Based Communities are centered	Community Based Organization (CBO) is any organization or group with	
around a specific place, such as a neighborhood.	demonstrated ability to meaningfully represent one or more Communities Most	
a contra a specimo piace, estenta a menginarina	Harmed (CMH).	
Section 4.5: CMI Relevance to Project (Note – has	The relevance of the Community Most Harmed (CMH) to the project will be	Procedural Change
connection to the CMI definition change)	addressed in the CBO Interview process and the Community Engagement	
	Response Form instructions but will not be included in the actual policy.	Update to
		forms/process to
		reflect changes in
		Section 4.5
Section 4.5 Projects that are By and For the	Updated language:	Policy Change
Community		
	All applicants must score a minimum of points in Section 4.5 Projects that are By	Furthers the
	and For the Community to be considered for an allocation.	Commission's
	Seattle/King County must score a minimum of 5 points	alignment under its
	Balance of State must score a minimum of 4 points	Racial Justice and
		Equity Values.
		Ensures projects



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
		score points in the
		highest priority
		area in the
		allocation process.
Section 4.5 CBO Interview Schedule	Update Process to the following:	Procedural Change
In 2023, the "CBO Response Form" was replaced by	The team determined that 1) the developer must identify the Community Most	Update process to
an interview process. CBOs were interviewed prior	Harmed (CMH), as well as the CBO partner, at Intent to Apply; 2) For repeat CBOs	more efficiently
to application, where they asked to identify the CMI	(that we've interviewed before), a streamlined interview can be conducted to verify	collect information
and verify their connection to and support of said	information; 3) second CBO interview is only necessary to verify information/ask	from CBO's, while
CMI. A second interview was set to be scheduled for	questions raised based on the applications received, and will not be required for	limiting
\$\\$BOs attached to projects likely to get an allocation	every applicant , or even for every allocatee .	unnecessary
(high self-scoring). Those interviews ended up being		burden.
follow-ups to questions raised during review, and it		
was unfeasible for staff to conduct interviews with		
CBOs that did not have questions raised during		
review. Section 4.5.2: CBO Inclusion	Removes ability to claim points for nonprofit donation in two point categories.	Policy Change
Section 4.5.2. CBO inclusion	kemoves ability to claim points for nonprofit donation in two point categories.	Policy Change
¢BO benefits financially from the partnership, as	CBO benefits financially from the partnership, as determined by the CBO. As an	Removes ability to
determined by the CBO. Examples can include –	<u>example, the Examples can include</u> CBO pays below-market rent for space in the	"double dip" –
nonprofit donation (under Section 4.6) goes to the	project. Donations made to the CBO under Section 4.6 Donation in Support of	getting points for
CBO, CBO pays below market rent for space in the	Local Nonprofit Programs do not count towards meeting this criterion.	the nonprofit
project.		donation as well as
		points for CBO
		financial benefit.
Section 4.5.3 Meaningful Community Engagement	Update Language:	Language Clean- Up
4.5.3 Meaningful Community Engagement	4.5.3 Potential Tenant Engagement	
The Commission will award points for meaningfully	The Commission will award points for meaningfully engaging potential tenants in	Just changing the
engaging the community in the development of the	the development of the project.	terms to clarify the
project.	4.5.3.1 Potential Tenant Engagement Process	Commissions intent
4.5.3.1 Community Engagement Process	Sponsor provides budgeted engagement resources to partner CBO who	and focus regarding
	represents potential tenants, and conducts the Potential Tenant engagement	the engagement



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
 Sponsor provides budgeted community engagement resources to partner CBO who conducts the community engagement process 2 points OR Sponsor conducts a community engagement process using one of the toolkits provided by the Commission 1 point OR Sponsor provides documentation of a community engagement process that meets or exceeds the standards of the approved toolkits, with preapproval of the process 1 point 4.5.3.2 Application of Community Engagement The Commission will award points for projects that can demonstrate that: Results of community input are implemented in the project development 2 points A service provider partnership results from 	process 2 points OR • Sponsor conducts a Potential Tenant engagement process using one of the toolkits provided by the Commission 1 point OR • Sponsor provides documentation of a Potential Tenant engagement process that meets or exceeds the standards of the approved toolkits, with pre-approval of the process 1 point 4.5.3.2 Application of Potential Tenant Engagement The Commission will award points for projects that can demonstrate that: • Results of Potential Tenant input are implemented in the project development 2 points • A service provider partnership results from Potential Tenant input 1 point	process; distinguishing it from general "community engagement" required as part of design review/siting processes.
Section 4.6 Donation in Support of Local Nonprofit	Update to following process: Nonprofit Donation at Placed in Service (PIS)	Procedural Change
The donation recipient must be approved by the commission prior to the approval of the Project's Finance Resolution and the donation must be paid at the time of bond closing.	The Applicant must provide the Commission with a written request to approve a donation to a specific Nonprofit Organization. The Nonprofit Organization Organization Organization Department of the Project is located and must provide housing, housing-related services, or nearby community/social services that are available to the residents of the Project. At least 50% of the donation must be made to a CBO as defined in Section 4.5. The program receiving the donation cannot require participants to have a specific religious affiliation. Donations may be split among no more than four recipients. Up to 25% of the total donation may be made to an advocacy organization.	Incorporates timing into part of the PIS process and aligns with 9% program.
	The Applicant must provide the Commission with certifications (in a form acceptable to the Commission) from both the Applicant/donor and the recipient	



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
	confirming that the contribution will be made or received, respectively, without any	
	favor, benefit, gift, or other consideration. The Applicant must provide a letter from	
	the approved Nonprofit Organization acknowledging receipt of the proper	
	contribution amount as well as a copy of the cancelled check from the transaction.	
	The letter must show receipt of the proper contribution amount, identify the low-	
	income housing program, and specify how the funds will be used. The amount of	
	the donation cannot be included in the Project's Total Project Costs.	
Section 4.8 Energy Efficiency, Healthy Living, & Renewable Energy (New Construction Only)	Adding a new subsection under 4.8:	Policy Change
Reflewable Effergy (New Collstituction Offic)	Regardless of the date the 2021 Washington State Energy Code (WSEC) goes into	Creating option to
	effect:	award one
	1) If the project is building to the 2021 WSEC, the sponsor must show detailed	additional point to
	proof from its energy consultant or engineer on how the project meets the 2021	align Section 4.8
	WSEC code for solar, additional efficiency, and EVs, and receive 11 points. (If the	with the 2021
	project is located in the City of Seattle, the sponsor is not exempt from the solar	WSEC Continue to
	requirement. To be eligible for the 11 points, the sponsor must submit proof of its	support increased
	plans to comply with the solar requirement of the 2021 WSEC.)	energy efficiencies.
	2) If the project is building to the 2018 WSEC, the Bond/Tax Credit program	,
	existing policies in section 4.8 remain unchanged. Which These policies are:	
'	• 4.8.1 Solar (3 pts)	
	4.8.2 Additional efficiency (5 pts)	
	• 4.8.3 EVs (2 pts)	
Section 4.8.2 NC Energy Efficient Building	Five points will be awarded for new construction projects that score an additional	Language Clean-
3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3	10 ESDS points in ESDS section 5.02a. The sponsor must include a letter from the	Up
Five points will be awarded for new construction	energy efficiency consultant, project architect, or engineer detailing which	•
projects that score an additional 10 ESDS points in	additional efficiency measures the project plans to integrate to score an additional	Technical Fix -
ESDS section 5.02a. During submittal, the ESDS	10 ESDS points. During submittal, the ESDS points used to comply with this section	Clarifies
points used to comply with this section must be	must be noted on the ESDS Checklist and Evergreen Owner Certification outlined in	documentation
noted on the ESDS Checklist and Evergreen Owner	Section 3.5. As part of the Placed-in-Service Package, the ESDS points used to	required.
Certification outlined in Section 3.5. As part of the	comply with this section must be included in the Evergreen Project Implementation	
Placed-in-Service Package, the ESDS points used to	Plan and architect's certification outlined in Section 3.5.	
comply with this section must be included in the		
Evergreen Project Implementation Plan and		
architect's certification outlined in Section 3.5.		



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
Section 4.8.3 NC Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	Two points will be awarded to projects that install electric vehicle charging stations	Language Clean-
	in no less than 10% of RESIDENTIAL parking spaces, with a minimum requirement of	Up
Two points will be awarded to projects that install	1 in non-accessible parking and 1 in accessible stalls.	
electric vehicle charging stations in no less than 10%		Technical Fix –
of parking spaces, with a minimum requirement of 1	10%+ requirement applies to both accessible and non-accessible parking stalls.	clarifies intent to
in non-accessible parking and 1 in accessible stalls.		increase access for
10%+ requirement applies to both accessible and		residential use not
non-accessible parking stalls.		commercial.
Section 9.1.2 Official Intent Declaration (OID)	Add and update to new language:	Language Clean-
Request Fee and Section 1.1.1 Projects Financed		Up
with Commission Issued Bonds	1.1.1 Projects Financed with Commission-Issued Bonds	
	Commission-issued bonds for Qualified Residential Rental Projects, hereafter	Clarifies what an
Section 9.1.2	referred to as Multifamily Housing Bonds, are issued by a public entity to provide	OID is, why and
A project requesting an Official Intent Declaration	low-cost financing for private projects that serve a public purpose. In addition,	when it is
(OID) in advance of submitting an application must	Multifamily Housing Bonds may be used to reimburse a Borrower for costs incurred	recommended or
pay a nonrefundable OID Request fee of \$750. The	before bonds are issued, including certain preliminary "soft costs" and other capital	appropriate to
OID Request Fee is \$750 regardless of the number of	expenditures if they are paid after or not more than 60 days before the Commission	request and/or
sites in the project. The OID request fee is	issues an Official Intent Declaration (OID). An OID is created at the time of project	issue one.
nonrefundable but may be applied toward the	application, however, an applicant may request an OID in advance of submitting an	
project's Application fee.	application (see related Section 9.1.2 Official Intent Declaration (OID) Request Fee).	
	The Commission recommends consulting with legal counsel early in the financing to	
	determine eligibility for tax-exempt financing and design of conditions for such a	
	financing including tax rules regarding reimbursements.	
	Multifamily Housing Bonds, (with the limited exception of certain bonds, see	
	Section 2.3), also allow for the generation of 4% Low-Income Housing Tax Credits	
	("LIHTCs"). LIHTCs are equity dollars. An allocation of 4% credits yield tax credits	
	over a 10 year period	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	9.1.2 Official Intent Declaration (OID) Request Fee	
	If the applicant intends to use bond proceeds to reimburse itself for project	
	expenditures incurred prior to the issuance of bonds, the applicant should request	
	an Official Intent Declaration (OID) in advance of submitting their application and	
	pay a nonrefundable OID Request fee of \$750. The OID Request Fee is \$750	



Existing Policy	Proposed Changes	Rationale
	regardless of the number of sites in the project. The OID request fee may be applied	
	once toward the project's Application fee. The Commission recommends consulting	
	with legal counsel for guidance on tax rules regarding reimbursable expenses.	
Utility Incentive Form	Update Form as follows:	Language Clean-
	Rename form from "Utility Incentive Contact" to "Utility & Energy Incentives." Also include:	Up
	- Date form was completed	Technical Fix –
	- Names of utilities	clarifies energy
	- Names of contact person at the utilities	incentives and
	- Description of available energy incentives beyond those offered by utilities,	questions on
	including solar. Specifically mention WSU Community Solar fund.	utilities.
Form Update: Contact List	Add CBO Legal Representation to contacts list in application materials.	Procedural Change
		Captures missing
		applicant
		information.
Application Update: Service Budget Tabs	Update Application Workbook to include two services budget tabs that are	Procedural Change
	currently in the Public Funder Combined Application form.	
		More detail is
		needed on any
		planned services.
NEW! Application Update: Project Schedule	Add to the Application Checklist a requirement to include the Architect's	<u>Procedural Change</u>
	Permitting Schedule as an attachment.	
		More detail is
		needed to
		determine project
		<u>readiness</u>